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# NEW PRICE LIST

# CUMBERLAND VALLEY NURSERY CO., Inc.

J. R. BRAGG, President

McMINNVILLE, TENNESSEE



# LANDSCAPE WORK A SPECIALTY

#### MEMBER:

American, Southern and Tennessee Associations of Nurserymen, also American Plant Propagators Association and National Home Planting Bureau.

# REFERENCE:

DUN, BRADSTREET, ANY BANK OR BUSINESS HOUSE IN McMINNVILLE.

# A Message From The President

To our myriads of valued customers and to our faithful representatives who have been the medium through which we have distributed our general line of high grade nursery stock for the past several years and who have so ably assisted our customers with their planting and orchard problems, we dedicate this NEW PRICE LIST on and the accurate nomenclature and descriptions of the many items we are producing and selling.

We have a favorable soil and climate for the producing of a high grade of stock, besides we employ none except experienced and capable employees, which insures nothing but the very best. We guarantee every item we ship to be strictly first-class and to satisfy. Because of our increased volume of business, we have very noticeably lowered our prices on everything. Other firms may undersell us, but be assured they do not do so and at the same time furnish the same high grade stock and service that we do.

Altho we are listing a general line of nursery stock, there are many items that for lack of space, we left out. Please write for prices on any item which you do not find listed and they will be immediately quoted and correct descriptions given. Our representatives are courteous, well informed and besides their ability to help you in the development of orchards, they are capable of rendering expert service in the scientific arrangement of ornamentals and the development of your landscape in the latest vogue or fashion.

With grateful appreciation of your past valued patronage and kindly soliciting a continuance of same, assuring you in return the best stock, the lowest prices, personal and prompt attention to all inquiries and orders, we beg to remain

Very truly yours,

J. R. BRAGG, President

# Terms and Conditions of Sale

Prices quoted in this catalog cancel all previous lists and are subject to change without notice. Prices include delivery to your premises, packing, boxing or baling free.

All plants are packed carefully to prevent drying or freezing while in transit.

All plants are guaranteed true to name, full count, up to grade and in good condition when shipped. We will replace any plant or tree proving untrue to name. Our nursery stock is of the highest quality, thrifty, well grown, insuring its success if properly cared for after transplanted in your soil. As we have no control over its care and treatment after it is carefully packed and shipped, we can give no warranty on the life of the stock; however, any just complaint will receive our careful attention and consideration. Claims must be made premptly on receipt of stock. Plants delivered as per order and in good condition are not returnable.

#### TERMS: CASH ON DELIVERY.

Guarantee: We are very careful to keep each variety true to name, as labeled and are ready at any time to replace, on proper proof, any that may prove otherwise, free of charge, or refund the amount paid, but it is mutually agreed between the purchaser and ourselves that we shall at no time be liable for an amount greater than the original purchase price.

LOCATION—McMinnville is located in Middle Tennessee, on N. C. & St. L. Railway. It is also located on State Highway No. 1, a hard surface highway through the state. It is also located on the Broadway of America.

Our shipping season begins usually early in October and lasts through the winter until about May 1st. Stock dug with balls of earth may be successfully transplanted at even earlier or later dates. We shall be glad to advise best time for planting any item of nursery stock in our catalog. In the absence of one of our well informed representatives, address your correspondence to Cumberland Valley Nursery Co., Inc., McMinnville, Tennessee and your inquiries or orders will be given our personal attention.

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# FRUIT TREES

#### APPLES

Si	Zes			Each	Doz.	100
3	to	4	feet	. \$0.50	\$5.00	\$35.00
4	to	5	feet	65	7.00	50.00

# EARLY APPLES

Varieties:

#### YELLOW TRANSPARENT

A Russian apple of splendid quality. The hardiest and most extensively early apple in this section. Ripens ten days earlier than Early Harvest. Fruit large, pale yellow, sub-acid. A very young bearer and one of the best market sorts.

#### EARLY HARVEST

Medium size; roundish, smooth, bright straw color when ripe; flesh nearly white, rather acid, fine. Ripens a week later than Yellow Transparent and for three weeks afterward. Productive. An old-time favorite cooking apple-

#### RED JUNE

Conical shaped, medium size; deep red skin; white, juicy flesh. Ripens in June and July.

#### YELLOW HORSE

A well known variety of large size; greenish yellow skin, acid. Excellent for canning and drying and is a heavy bearer. July and August.

#### FALL APPLES

#### GRIMES GOLDEN

This golden apple has excellent quality and no doubt one of the most popular varieties. It is recognized as the best pollinizer and is being planted in orchards with other varieties as a pollinizer.

#### WEALTHY

Large, shaded to dark red, quality good, tender and productive. Early to bear and exceedingly satisfactory.

#### NORTHERN SPY

Large, striped crimson in the sun, juicy, rich and atomatic, retaining these qualities until late spring or summer. The tree grows rapidly, bears well as it blooms later than most varieties. Valuable as an aphis resisting sort.

# WINTER APPLES

# DELICIOUS

Flourishes well here as in every state of the Union. Bears annually; great yielder; fruit hangs well on trees. Trees very thrifty, long lived and extremely hardy. Fruit very large, nearly covered with brilliant, dark red; flesh fine grained, crisps, juicy, melting and delicious; splendid keeper and shipper; should be in every orchard.

#### ROME BEAUTY

Large; yellow and bright red; flesh yellowish, tender, juicy, sub-acid; tree moderate grower, good bearer.

## WINESAP

It is one of the very best keepers. Medium size, smooth and a fine dark red; flesh yellow, crisp, tender, very juicy, aromatic, firm and very good. Popular with fruit stores because it always holds up and is one of the leading export apples. The tree is a strong grower, the root growth being exceptibnally strong. It comes into bearing early and is remarkable for its regular and abundant crops.

#### STAYMAN WINESAP

Dark, rich red, indistinctly striped; larger than old Winesap. Tree productive and a drought resister,

#### BALDWIN

S ason. December to March. The great commercial late winter keeper of the Eastern States. Tree a vigorous open grower, upright in tendency and very productive where hardy. Comes slow into bearing, but produces abundantly when mature. Fruit large, rounded, deep red; flesh rich, crisp and juicy.

#### JONATHAN

One of the best commercial varieties. Medium sized, oblate, striped skin of yellow and red, white stained flesh, juicy, tender, deliciously sub-acid, of fine quality. A popular export variety. Late fall and early winter.

#### YORK IMPERIAL

A late keeping commercial variety, shaded red on yellowish skin, flesh firm and tree healthy. Regular and heavy bearer. Plant for profit or for home.

#### MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG

A seedling of Winesap, greatly resembling the mother tree, but growing more vigorously and bearing larger fruit. A large red apple of good appearing, eating and keeping qualities.

#### WINTER BANANA

One of the most dependable apples for all districts. Large, handsome fruits, clear waxen yellow with a delicate blush. A delightful flavor and aroma. Ripens fairly early and does better than most apples in the lower altitudes. September,

#### MCINTOSH

Bright, deep red; fine quality. Ripens in September; can be in common storage late in winter.

#### CRAB APPLES

Si	zes												Each -	Do	z.		00
3	to	4	feet	 		 	 			 			\$0.50				5.00
4	to	5	feet	 		 				 			.60	7.	00	5	0.00
	Va	riet	ties:														

#### HYSLOP

Season, September to October. Tree vigorous where hardy; blights in some localities. Fruit medium; yellow grounded with heavy shadings of deep crimson and splashes of maroon with heavy blue bloom; flesh fine, firm, yellow, astringent; bears abundantly in clusters, which make tree exceedingly ornamental. Its high color always commands a fancy market price for it. One of the most desirable sorts for culinary purposes.

#### TRANSCENDENT

Season. September. Fruit medium to large: color brownish-yellow with blush of carmine; flesh firm and crisp, yellowish, fine grained, very juicy, acid. Tree is a vigorous grower. Hardy. Subject to blight and should not be planted near other orthard trees.

#### WHITNEY

Season, August. Fruit large to very large for a bybrid; yellow, striped with red and mostly covers with red on sunny side; flesh yellow, very juicy and fine grained; flavor rich and almost sweet.

#### PEARS

Sizes	Each	Doz.	100
3 to 4 feet		\$10.00	\$75.00
4 to 5 feet	1.25	12.00	90.00
Varieties:			

#### BARTLETT

Large size. Golden yellow whin ripe, with a beautiful blush next the sun. Buttery, very juicy, and highly flavored; tree a strong grower, bears early and abundantly; very popular. August, September.

DIXIE PINE-APPLE (Blight Proof)

A large size pear and the tree is a very prolific bearer. The fruit is very delicious and always commands a high market price. It is canned extensively and considered absolutely blight proof. It is being planted commercially to a great extent, and is a good keeper and shipper.

#### EARLY HARVEST

Large, buttery yellow skin; very juicy and highly flavored, early and a great bearer.

#### GARBER

Large, bright yellow with red. juicy and good; a splendid canning pear, tree vigorous and hardy, not subject to blight; ripens just after Bartlett.

#### KEIFFER

Large, golden yellow, often blushes in the sun; juicy and melting. One of the best for canning and preserving; the most profitable to grow. Tree houlthy, hardy and vigorous. Does not succeed on quince, therefore no dwarfs should be planted. Keiffer receives more praise and commendation than any other. It is liable to overbear, therefore special pains should be taken to thin the fruit.

#### SUGAR (Seckel)

Small, rich golden brown: flesh very fine grained, sweet, juicy, melting, buttery. Regarded as the standard of excellence among pears. Tree stout, some grower, hardy and blight resistant. Sells because of superior quality; in demand for canning and pickling.

#### **PLUMS**

Si	zes		E	ach Doz.	100
			feet		
4	to	5	feet	.25 12.00	90.00

Varieties:

#### ABUNDANCE

One of the best Japan plums. Tree is very rapid grower, healthy and comes into bearing quite young and yields abundantly; medium size, rich, bright cherry red with distinct bloom and highly perfumed; flesh light yellow, juicy and tender, and excellent quality. Tree vigorous and hardy.

#### RED JUNE

A very handsome plum, about a week earlier than Abundance. By all odds the best Japanese plum ripening before Abundance. Medium to nearly large size, deep vermilion red, with handsome bloom and very showy; flesh light lemon-yellow or whitish, firm and moderately juicy; very slightly subvigorous and succeeds in all sections of the country, acid to sweetish, of good pleasant quality; pit small; tree upright, spreading,

#### WICKSON

Large, heart shaped, deep maroon red; flesh very firm, yellow, sub-acid, rich and good; a good shipping plum; tree ugright; shy bearer in some localities.

# KELSY JAPAN

One of the finest shipping plums. Very large, heart-shaped; greenish-yellow, blushed with red; flesh yellow, firm and of fine quality. Because of its lateness and shipping qualities it has been very profitable commercially. September.

#### SHROPSHIRE DAMSON

This variety has been a standard for years and is the most extensively planted plum in this section. Trees are uppright in character of growth and usually hear great crops when given congenial soil. Succeeds everywhere plums will grow. Sure demand at local markets.

#### GERMAN PRUNE

A valuable plum of fair quality for dessert, but most esteemed for drying and preserving. Large, long-oval, purple, with a thick blue bloom; flesh firm, sweet and pleasant, separating from the stone. Moderate to vigorous in growth. September.

#### APRICOTS

Si	zes			Each	Doz.	100
			feet			\$75.00
4	to	5	feet	. 1.25	12.00	90.00

Varieties:

#### MOORPARK

One of the largest, most popular and widely disseminated apricot; deep orange or brownish red; flesh quite firm, bright orange, parting freely from the atone; quite juicy with a rich and luscious flavor; a favorite canning variety. In some sections a shy and irregular bearer. August.

#### EARLY GOLDEN

Small, pale orange in color. Flesh yellow, sweet and juicy. Tree hardy and well adapted for Southern planting.

#### ROYAL

Large, roundish-oval; pale orange with faintly tinged red cheek; flesh yellow, firm, sweet, high flavored, slightly sub-acid and good quality, ripens a week earlier than Moorpark; a good market variety.

# QUINCE

Siz	es			Each	Doz.	100
3	to	4	feet	\$1.00	\$10.00	\$75.00
			feet	1.25	12.00	90.00
Va	riet	ies	:			

#### ORANGE

Fruit large, bright yellow, of excellent quality.

#### CHAMPION

A prolific and constant b arer of oval fruit, averaging larger than Orange and ripening later. A longer keeper.

#### CHERRIES

Si	zes												]	E	ach	,		D	)oz			100	)	
3	to	4	feet		 								\$	1	.00	0	S	10	0.0	0	\$	75.	00	
4	to	5	feet	 	 									1	. 2 !	5		12	2.0	0		90.	00	
٧.	ariet	ies	:																					

#### BLACK TARTARIAN (Sweet)

One of the best sweet cherries. Purplish red cherries of medium size and excellent quality. Trees are fruitful, healthy and regular bearers.

#### GOVERNOR WOOD (Sweet)

The early wax cherry. Light yellow: extremely sweet, juicy, rich flavor. Good size, finest quality. Tree vigorous and productive. A variety no home orchard should he without.

#### EARLY RICHMOND (Sour)

This old standard cherry has been the favorite for a number of years. In quality it is tart and v-ry valuable for canning purposes. It yields nearly every year and reddens the tree with its wonderful crop. It succeeds everywhere cherries will grow and as it is the earliest in season of hearing it is very popular.

#### LARGE MONTMORENCY (Sour)

The largest and best of the sour varieties, and the most extensively planted commercial variety. A cherry of the Richmond class, but larger and more solid. An upright grower, hardy, heavy cropper. Ripens from seven to ten days later than the Richmond, entirely escaping danger from spring frost. A valuable addition to your orchard fruit.

# MAY DUKE (Sour)

This rigens a little earlier than the preceding variety and, while not quite so vigorous in tree, the fruit is slightly superior. It is an old variety and has been tested and found worthy of a place in all catalogs.

#### DYEHOUSE (Sour)

Bright red, prolific bearer. The fruit is mildly sub-acid, excellent variety for canning, good shipper. Free and vigorous. Last of May.

#### PEACHES

Sizes	Each	Doz.	100
18 to 24 inches	\$0.25	\$3.00	\$20.00
2 to 3 fcet	35	4.00	25.00
3 to 4 feet		5.00	35.00
4 to 5 feet	65	7.00	50.00
Varieties: Farly Rir			

#### MAYFLOWER (Free)

The earliest of all peaches, and because of this, greatly in demand both for home orchards and commercial plantings. Medium sized fruit, creamy white, heavily blushed and mottled with dark red. Firm and of good quality for an early peach. May.

#### EARLY ROSE (Free)

This is one of the earliest peaches, ripening shortly after Mayflowet. White, semi-freestone.

#### RED BIRD CLING (Cling)

A strikingly handsome very early shipping peach. Very large, creamy white, flushed with deep red. June.

Varieties: Second Ripening

# BELL OF GEORGIA (Free)

Large size; white skin with deep red cheek; white flesh, firm and fine flavor; heavy bearer. Best canning qualities of any peach on the matket, but too soft to have shipping qualities of Elberta and Hale. Tree vigorous and tapid grower. Fruit ripens early part of August.

#### HILEY (Free)

Seedling of, and ripens a week before the Belle of Georgia. Superior quality, one of the best shipping or canning varieties. Large, white with red cheek, white flesh, heavy bearer, ripens last of July.

#### CARMAN (Semi-cling)

One of the heaviest bearers, large size, creamy white, reddish cheek on sunny side, very tender flesh, semi-cling. Profitable variety for commercial orchards. Ripens about the middle of July.

# EARLY ALBERTA (Free)

A clear yellow with blush, fine grained and sweet. Tree a strong grower, with a tendency to thin itself, carrying moderate loads of fruit.

#### CHAMPION (Free)

Often looked upon as the standard by which to gauge all white-fleshed freestonts. This variety has everything a peach should have—size, tender flesh, juicyness, a honeyed flavor, attractive appearance and a productive tree. Early August.

# CRAWFORD EARLY (Free)

Large, roundish, bright, yellow with red check; flesh yellow, juicy and sweet; quality good. August and September.

### ELBERTA (Frec)

Beautiful yellow. large and shaded with deep red. Elberta has been the peach for years and is just as good today. The fact that more than eighty per cent of commercial plantings are of this variety speaks well enough for it. August 15.

#### J. H. HALE (Free)

A large, smooth peach having no fuzz. Deep red; flesh yellow. Fine quality, Middle to last of July.

#### ROCHESTER (Free)

Large, yellow and red peach. Flesh yellow, of fine quality and exquisite flavor. Stone very small and will ship as well as Elberta. The tree comes into bearing when very young, is a strong, upright grower and is as hardy as an oak. Has produced a full crop after undergoing a temperature of 16 degrees below zero, which killed all the buds on Elberta and Crawford in the same orchard.

#### Varieties: Late Ripening

#### HEATH CLING (Cling)

Very large, creamy-whit with delicate red blush; flesh white, slightly red at the pit; tender, juicy and sweet; a valuable sort for canning and one that commands fancy prices in all markets. Early September.

#### KRUMMEL (Free)

One of the latest freestone peaches and a profitable market variety. Fruit large, lemon yellow, lightly blushed with carmine; flesh yellow, red at pit; melting, vinous and very good. Tree hardy and productive, usually needs thinning to make good size fruit. Late of September.

#### LATE CRAWFORD (Free)

Large, yellow or greenish-yellow, with dull red cheek; flesh yellow, stained red at pit; melting, vinous and very good. Tree hardy and productive, usually needs thinning to make good size fruit. Late of September. one of the latest.

#### GRAPES

Sizes		Each		100
2 year		\$0.50	\$5.00	\$25.00
,	Varieties: (Black)			

#### CAMPBELL'S EARLY

A new, very large and fine early grape, black; strong, vigorous, hardy vine with thick, healthy leaves; clusters very large, usually shouldered, compact and handsome; berries large, nearly round, black, rich, sweet, verygood; skin thin; seeds cound, few and small, parting easily from the pulp; a good shipper. Ripens very early, but remains sound on the vines for many weeks. This makes it one of the most satisfactory and profitable market sorts to grow.

#### MOORE'S EARLY

A large grape, ripening a week earlier than Concord; good grower; berries large, good quality, and makes a moderate yield; very valuable as an early grape.

#### CONCORD

Decidedly the most popular grape in America, as it adapts itself to varying conditions, and is profitably grown in every grape growing state in the Union. Bunch is large, shouldered and compact. Big berries, covered with a rich bloom; purplish black; skin is tender, but amply firm to carry well to distant markets. Flesh juicy, bardy, productive. The most reliable and profitable market variety.

#### WORDEN

Seediing of the Concord, which it greatly resembles in appearance and flavor, but the betries are larger. The fruit is said to be better flavored and to ripen several days earlier. These qualities will give it the foremost rank among native grapes.

#### Varieties: (White)

#### NIAGARA

Occupies the same position among the white varieties as Concord among the black. Bunch and berries large, greenish white, changing to pale yellow when fully ripe. Skin thin but tough, quality much like the Concord.

#### POCKLINGTON

Seedling from the Concord. The vine is thoroughly hardy both in wood and foliage; it is a strong grower, never mildews in bine or foliage. The fruit is a light golden yellow, meat juicy and sweet to the center, with little or no pulp; bunches very large, some time shouldered; berries round, very large and thickly set. Ripens with the Concord.

Varieties: (Red)

#### BRIGHTON

Bunch large, shouldered; berries medium to large, round, dark, red, tender, very little pulp, sweet, juicy, slightly aromatic and very good. Ripens early.

#### CATAWBA

Bunches medium, shouldered; betries large, deep coppery rid, becoming purple when ripe; flesh somewhar pulpy; juicy, sweet, aromatic and rich; one of th elatest.

#### DELAWARE

The bunches are small, compact, and sometimes shouldered; betries are small with thin but firm skin; flesh juicy, very sweet and refreshing and of the best quality for both table use and for wine. Ripens with Concord or a little before; vine is hardy, productive and a moderate grower.

#### LUTIF

An old standard variety. The Lutie is very vigorous and produces more fruit than any other variety in the trial grounds. It is a red grape, earlier than the Concord and probably more hardy. There are but few fruits, if any, that will produce more fruit per square foot than grapes. Try ten of these.

#### RASPBERRIES

Siz	ze	25	100
2	year		\$9.00
		Varieties: (Red)	

#### ST. REGIS EVERBEARING

The new everbearing variety. It gives a crop of fruit all summer and autumn, fruiting on the old canes in generous quantities until late in August. By this date berries are a bright crimson of large size, and of surprising quality, surgary with full raspberry flavor. It succeeds upon all soils, whether light and sandy or cold heavy clay and the canes are absolutely hardy.

#### CUTHBERT

Large, bright scarlet-crimson, excellent quality, firm, juicy and refreshing, vigorous grower, hardy and productive; very popular as a home garden and market berry.

#### KING

Very early red berry that always commands a good price. The plants are hardy and productive and the King Raspberry is earlier than any other wariety, Varieties: (Black)

#### CUMBERLAND

The largest of all black cap; healthy, vigorous grower, throwing up stout, well branched canes that produce immense crops of magnificent berries. Fruit very large, firm, quality about the samel as Gregg; keeps and ships well as any of the blacks. The most profitable market variety.

#### GREGG

Known for many years by more people than is any other rasplactly on the market. Large, showy, black, firm and will ship well. Hardy and vigotous grower. Ripens about mid-season.

# KANSAS

The great market variety, more generally planted than any other kind; early, large, productive, round, firm, moderately juicy; a strong grower, Handsome appearance; stands shipping well.

#### BLACKBERRIES

	2 5	100
Price	\$3.00	\$9.00

Varieties:

#### BLOWERS

Originated in the celebrated small fruit belt of Chautauqua County, New York, where it has been thoroughly tested for several seasons. Claimed to be the hardiest, most productive, the finest quality, and to bring on the market the highest price of all blackberries. Large size, jet back, good shipper, best quality and unexcelled productiveness are the main characteristics of this splendid new sort.

#### EARLY HARVEST

One of the earliest, berry medium sized, good quality and very prolific; firm and attractive in appearance. A good market sort.

#### ELDORADO

Vine is vigorous and hardy: berries are very large, borne in clusters; ripens well together; sweet, melting and pleasant to the taste.

#### SNYDER

Very hardy, great producer, m dium size and one of the best known vatieties of blackberries, succeeding wherever planted. Over-production is its greatest fault.

#### MACDONALD

New; very valuable for the "Black Land of Texas." Twenty quarts of fruit have been gathered from one single plant. Tips like a dewberry.

#### CURRANTS

Each	Doz.
Price \$0.50	\$5.00

#### FAY'S PROLIFIC

For size, beauty and productiven'ss it is a remarkable red cutrant. The berry is equal to cherry currant, while the flavor is superior. The stem is long, which permits rapid picking, valuable for both market and home. Fruit bangs on well, never dropping as in other currants.

#### PERFECTION

Bright red, and of the size larger than the Fay; size of herries is maintained to end of bunch. It is one of the most productive currants. Rich, mild, sub-acid flavor and having plenty of pulp with few seds. You can pick Perfection fast as cherries.

#### GOOSEBERRIES

	Each	Doz.
Price	\$0.50	\$5.00
Varieties:		

#### HOUGHTON

Round, dark red when ripe; juicy, sweet. Thin, smooth skin. Medium size. The bush is hardy, very productive, free-from mildew and the best for general purposes in this section.

#### DOWNING

A large, handsome pale green berry of splendid quality for dessert or cooking. Bush upright, robust and s ldom mildews. An excellent sort for family or market use.

#### INDUSTRY

Very large: red: hairy: fine quality: extensively planted for market. Bush upright, strong, and productive. English sort and somewhat liable to mildew. Early.

#### **DEWBERRIES**

	2 5	100
Price	\$3.00	\$9.00
vanctics.		

#### LUCRETIA

A trailing variety of the blackberry, producing an abundance of large glossy, black, handsome fruit of excellent quality; the fruit ripens early and the plant does not sucker.

#### STRAWBERRIES

Price	100	1,000
Everbearing	\$2.50	\$20.00
Common or one-time bearers	125	10.00

Varieties:

#### PROGRESSIVE EVERBEARING

Very large, dark red and glossy; fine quality. It begins to bear in June with immense crops and continues until late in fall. It is one of the heaviest bearers of berries in June as well as a comarkable fall bearer. Will produce a fair crop of fruit the first summer.

#### AROMA

This well nkown sort is more largely planted as a commercial berry; the best shipper known. Only moditately prolific, large berry, fine shape, good bright color, carries well. Berry hangs on vine a long time. A variety that holds its own, gaining popularity. Plant healthy, but short rooted. Does not transplant as well as Dunlap. Folage good and free of disease. S:11 \$1.00 per crate more than ordinary sorts.

#### KLONDYKE

Dark red berries, uniform in shape and size, mild and delicious. Plants make a remarkable growth, tall and compact, stalks strong. Leaves light green: abundant runners and an unusual number of crowns. One of the very best paying early varieties, a good shipper, eagerly bought at fancy prices breause of superior appearance. A good variety for the Southern and Atlantic Coast states.

#### SENATOR DUNLAP

This berry is of the Warfield type has a perfect blossom, is hardy, productive, a splendid keeper and able to hold its own under any "rough and tumble" methods of cultur to which it is likely to be subjected. It is a very heavy bearer of good size, even fruit, of a very beautiful dark red color. It is a berry to grow for either home use or mark:t.

#### GANDY

Introduced over thirty years ago and still grown more commercially than any other sort. Texture is firm, color is bright flame. Although the berries are large to very large, flavor is very acid and not of the highest quality. Late to very late in ripening,

#### **ENGLISH WALNUTS**

	zes												Each	15	100	
2	to	3	feet .	 		 						. \$	1.50		\$125.00	)
3	to	4	feet	 	 	 							2.00	25.00	150.00	)

Varieties:

#### ENGLISH WALNUT

The planting of English walnuts has been sadly neglected. There are a number of trees stattered over this section and in most every instance they have borne abundantly and proven extremely profitable. One tree in this immediate section has produced as much as \$80.00 worth of nuts in one season. The English Walnut will bear as early as an apple and requires very little attention. Order your trees this year.

#### - PECANS

Sizes	Each	15	100
2 to 3 feet	. \$1.50		\$125.00
3 to 4 feet	2.00	25.00	150.00
• •• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			

Varieties:

### SCHLEY

Fairly large, rather long, flattened; light brown, shell cracks easily. Of good flavor. The tree is a fre bearer, and the nuts mature early. Considered one of the best.

#### STUART

Most extensively planted Pecan because it can be successfully grown most anywhere p cans are planted. Bears young, nuts are large, oblong, thin shell and of the best quality.

#### SUCCESS

Of recent introduction. Nut large, cylindrical and tapering at the apex; shell thin, and parting freely from the kernel, which is plump and of good quality. Tree vigorous and a regular cropper.

#### MONEYMAKER

It is an early bearer, prolific, healthy and remarkably free from nut diseases that ruin a great many of our best varieties of pecans. Size medium, tounded, obling: a heavy bearer of splendid nuts.

#### RHUBARB

	Each	Doz.
Price	. \$0.25	\$2.50

Variety:

#### LINNAEUS

Produces medium sized, tender stems in the early spring. This is the old reliable pie kind.

#### **ASPARAGUS**

	2.5	100
Price	\$2.0	\$6.00

Varieties:

### CONOVER'S COLLOSAL

The standard variety, large and productive; almost universally cultivated in this state.

#### PALMETTO

A new variety of Southern origin, and reports indicate that it is equally adapted for all sections. It is earlier, a better yielder, more even and regular in its growth and quality equal to that old favorite, Conover's Colossal.

#### MULBERRY

Black English and Hicks,	price,	each	0
			2.5
Varieties:			

#### BLACK ENGLISH

A very prolific bearer: ripens early. A fine variety to start your rotation with other kinds, providing poultry and hog feed for four or five months.

## HICKS

Wonderfully prolific; fruit sweet; excellent for poultry and hogs. Fruit produced during four months.

# DOWNING

Fruit of rich, sub-acid flavor; last six weeks. Stand winter in Western and Middle states.

#### DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

# FLOWERING ALMOND (Pink and White) (Amygdalus nana)

	shrubs ar	e desirable	and scarce.	Hardy.	Pink and white
Varieties. Sizes					Each
					1.50

#### JAPANESE BARBERRY (Berberis Thunbergii)

A splendid, hardy, dwarf-growing and universally popular shrub. Particularly desirable for massed planting against foundation walls or where a low-growing hedge is wanted. Dark green foliage through summer, changing to brilliant orange, scarlet and crimson in fall; practically evergreen in this latitude. Bright red betries appear in summer and cling nearly all winter. Thorny branches, a perfect shrub. Grows 2 .0 5 feet.

Size	es		E	ach
24	to	30	inches	.75
18	to	2.4	inches	.60

#### RED LEAF BARBERRY (Berberis Atropurpurea)

Similar to the Japanese Barberry in habit of growth but foliage is a bronzy ted which turns to fiery red in the autumn. Very beautiful when planted with other shrubs on account of its brilliant color. This shrub is practically new and requires full sun for best results.

Sizes	E	Each
15 to 18	inches	1.25
12 to 15	inches	1.00

#### BUTTERFLY BUSH (Buddleia Magnifica) (Summer Lilac)

Leaves small and narrow, flowers smaller than davidi and color a violet purple. Excellent for massing.

Si	zes		Each	3
3	to	4	fcet	5
2	to	3	feet	ŋ

#### CALYCANTHUS (Floridus-Common Sweetshrub)

A well known native sweet or brown shrub. Quick bush growth, bearing double fragrant chocolate coored flowers. Booms early in April.

Sizes	ch
2 to 3 feet\$1.	25
18 to 24 inches 1.0	0(

#### FLOWERING QUINCE (Cydonia Japonica)

Variously known as Japanese Quince or firebush. Early in the spring the branches are sprays of coral or bright red blossoms.

Sizes I	Each
2 to 3 feet	1.25
18 to 24 inches	.00

#### FLOWERING DOGWOOD (Cornus Florida)

A sturdy, healthy tree, small, but especially beautiful in early spring when it is covered with large, white, unusual blossoms. A tree that will improve any planting. Use on the lawn or right in with shrubs in the border.

Si	zes			Eacl	3
3	ŧo	4	feet	1.2	5

#### REDFLOWERING DOGWOOD (Cornus Floridus Rubra)

The popular pink flowering variety so extremtly scarce in the past few years and so much in demand. Our supply of this variety is limited and sold only in connection with other stock. A distinctive shrub for the lawn.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	\$7.00
2 to 3 feet	6.00
18 to 24 inches	5.00

#### DUETZIA (Gracilis) (Slender Deutzia)

Flowers pure white, bell-shaped; quite dwarf. This plant blooms early in April and is valuable as a pot plant for winter blooming in conservatory.

5:zes	Each
2 to 3 feet	\$1.00
15 to 18 inches	.60
18 to 24 inches	.75

# DEUTZIA (Pride of Rochester)

Pinkish white. June. This variety is very much the same as Deutzia candidissima, but is more popular on account of its color. It is very hardy, adapting itself to any type of soil and if better known would be one of the most popular shrubs planted today.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	
2 to 3 feet	
18 to 24 inches	60

#### DEUTZIA (Crenata)

Flowers pure white, single, produced in great profusion in April. A tall grower.

Sizes																							Each
2 to	3	feet																	 			. \$	1.00
3 to	4	feet																					1.25
18 t	c i	24 i	nch	es		 		 		 													.60

#### PEARL BUSH (Exochorda Grandiflora)

Large, pure white flowers produced in great profusion farly in March. When in full bloom plants have the appearance of a snowbank. Fine for massing.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	\$1.50
2 to 3 feet	
18 to 24 inches	1.00

#### FORSYTHIA (Fortune) (Forsythia Fortunei)

Vigorous, upright, arched branches with drooping yellow flowers often with twisted petals appearing in spring before the leaves. Where this shrub has plenty of room to develop it makes a marvelous showing. Grows 8 to 10 feet.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	
2 to 3 feet	
18 to 24 inches	 60

#### FORSYTHIA (Intermedia) Very fre-blooming

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	
2 to 3 feet	
15 to 24 inches	.00

#### FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell) (Viridissima)

This is often called the Green Stemmed Golden Bell. 6-8 feet. Yellow, April. 1, 15-15 decidedly the most popular of all the Golden Bells. The flowers appear before the reases and the plant makes a great show early in the spring.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	\$0.90
18 to 24 inches	

#### HIBISCUS (Shrub Althea) (Bush Form) (Syriacus)

The flowers are produced from May until September. When planted in masses of contrasting colors, the effect is most pleasing. The varieties we offer are nearly all of dwarf growth and are far superior to the old sorts. Single, semi-double and double. When ordering state color desired.

#### Varieties:

Ardens—double violet Double Precoce—flesh pink	Paeoniflorusv ry o Purpurea Semi-pl na-
Jean de Arc double flesh pink	Snowdrift single w
Lady Stanley-double flesh pink	Totus Alba-single

double, rosy parple -double purple hite white

Sizes Ea	ch
3 to 4 feet	
18 to 24 inches	

#### PEEGEE HYDRANGEA (Paniculata Grandiffra)

A beautiful, tall shrub with leaves of bright, shiny green: flowers borne in huge panicles from 8 to 12 inches long, light pink, changing to brown later in the fall; blooms in August and September; can be grown in tree form successfully and makes a very desirable lawn ornament.

izes Ea	ch
to 3 feet\$1.(	0
8 to 24 inches	5

#### HYDRANGEA HILL OF SNOW (Arborese ns Grandiflora)

White. May and June. This magnificent, hardy American shrub is the very finest addition to this class of plants found in many a year. The blooms are of the very largest size, of pure white color and th: foliage is finely finished. One of its most valuable characteristics is its coming into bloom just after the passing of the early spring shrubs: while its long period of bloom from early Jun: through August, makes it doubly valuable, not only to the florist, but to every owner of a garden. Perfectly hardy. Habit of plant excellent.

Sizes	Each
2 to 3 feet	 \$1.00
18 to 24 inches	 75

#### COMMON CRAPEMYRTLE (Lagerstromeia India)

A vigorous, deciduous shrub of small tree, with beautifully firenged flowers in the summer. The crepemyrtle is easy to grow, thriving often when given no care for years. Clumps of these trees brighten the roadways here and there in the South. When fitted into landscape plantings they are extremely valuable for their color and long staton of bloom. We have red, pink, purple, etc.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	 \$1.25
2 to 3 feet	 1.00

#### HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera fragrantissima)

Highly esteemed for its exceedingly sweet-scented, pinkish-white flowers which appear in February and continue to bloom for a long time.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet\$1	.00
2 to 3 feet	.75
18 to 24 inches	.60

#### MORROW HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera Morrowi)

This is one of the best quick growing, compact and 'filler' shrubs we have. The foliage is bright green, the blossoms cream colored, appearing in April. The red and coral fruits follow from June to August. In dry or moist soil, shade or sun, city or country, this variety will thriv.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	00.1
2 to 3 feet	.75
18 to 24 inches	.60

#### TARTARIAN HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera Tartarica)

This is one of the old-time favorite shrubs. It attains about ten feet in height and is extremely easy to cultivate. The upper lip is deeply divided and spreading.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	00.1
2 to 3 feet	.75
18 to 24 inches	.60

#### BETCHEL'S CHAB (Malus Ioensis Plena)

A most interesting group of trees, largely natives of the highlands of Western China. They are strong growers, with lovely flowers, followed by ornamental fruits that will attract birds to your garden. Large, double, fragrant, clear pink flowers.

Si	zes			Eac	ch
3	to	4	feet		0
2	to	3	f`et		0

#### FLOWERING POMEGRANITE (Punica granatum)

Very valuable, summer-flowering, tall growing shrubs. Perfectly hardy in the South. Flowers are produced in great profusion very early in May, and last almost during the entire summer. Foliage bright, lustrous green. Very conspicuous and desirable. Blooms are double red, white and variegated.

Sizes	Each
2 to 3 feet	2.00
18 to 24 inch	1.50

#### MOCK ORANGE (Syringa) (PHILADELPHUS coronarius)

6 to 8 feet. White, June. The old-fashioned mock orange, well known to everyone because of its waxy white, fragrant flowers. It proves a specially good plant for every use: th: foliage being large oval in shape and deep green. For cut flowers it is valuable and pruning in this manner often keeps the bush confined where it is not distrable to have it grow too tall. Very valuable for background, screen or grouping.

Sizes		Each
3 to 4	feet	 \$1.00
2 to 3	feet	 
18 to	24 inches	 

#### PUSSY WILLOWS (Salis Caprea)

A small, shrub-like tree which is quick-growing and has furry catkins in apring which makes it very attractive and desirable.

Si	zes															Each
																\$1.50
																1.25
3	to	4	feet.	 	1.00											

# SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER (Crimson Spirea)

A dwarf upright variety that seldom exceeds two feet in height and produces bright crimson blossoms the entire summer and fall. Foliage attractive, being variegated with creamy white or yellow. Ust,d extensively for border and foundation planting with increasing popularity.

Sizes	E	ach
12 to 15 inches		.60

#### SPIREA COLOSA ALBA (White Japanese Spirea)

An upright shrub, becoming 18 inches to 2 feet high. Very profuse bloomer, and continuing in flowers throughout the summer. Flowers pure white, in flat topped clusters.

Siz	28																								E	120	h
18	to	24	inches																					. :	ŝ I	.0	0
			inches																								
12	to	15	inches							 																. 6	0

#### SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA (Bridalwreath Spirea)

This is an old-fashioned variety, flowers borne close to the slender, erect branches in the spring before foliage appears. Th individual flowers resemble miniature roses and are usually borne in great profusion. The foliage is shiny dark green and in the fall turns bright red.

Sizes	Each
2 to 3 feet\$	1.00
18 to 24 inches	.75

#### SPIREA THUNBERGII (Thunberg Spirea) (Snow Garland)

The extra carly flowering species is the pride of the Southland. It is spreading in growth with arching, slender branches that are perfect mass of minute flowers followed with exceptionally delicate green foliag. For edging purposes it has few equals and we recommend it highly.

\$1.00
75
60

# SPIREA VAN HOUTTE (Van Houtte Spirea)

The well know Bridal Wreath. Flowers cover entire plant, making long, graceful, curving branches of snow-white blooms in early spring, prolonged season. Good among Evergreens for contrast. Fills low places admirably and makes borders of excellent appearance.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	\$1.00
2 to 3 feet	
18 to 24 inches	.60

# SPIREA ARGUTA (Garland Spirea)

Of semi-dwarft growth, covered with pure white flowers in carly May. Its lace-like foliage causes plants of this variety to be attractive throughout the entire season.

Sizes	Each
2 to 3 feet	\$1.00
18 to 24 inches	75

#### BLUE SPIREA (Caryopteris Incana)

This is one of the rare blue-flowering shrubs. Grouped with white or dictate shades of pink spirea, it makes a colorful mass in early spring and summer.

Sizes															Е	ach
		inches														
18 to	24	inches	 	 		 			 						 	.75

#### SPIREA ASTILBE (Goatsbeard Spirea)

A beautiful and fascinating shrub. The top dies down during the wintermonths, while the root remains alive and ready to burst forth in early spring. Flowers are beautiful, being pink, lavender, purple, etc., and their peculiar shape and characteristics give the shrub its common name, "Goatsbeard." We bave some extra nice stock and you will be more than pleased with this shrub.

Sizes	Each.
24 to 30 inches	 1.00
18 to 24 inches	 .75

#### SPIREA BILLARDI ALBA (White Billard Spirea)

A tall growing variety. Flowers snowy white, produced in long, dense panieles. Commences to bloom in May and lasts throughout the summer.

Sizes	Each-
2 to 3 feet	. \$0.75
18 to 24 inches	60

#### SPIREA BILLARDI ROSEA (Pink Billard Spirea)

A tall growing variety. Flowers bright pink, produced in long, dense panicles. Commences to bloom in May and lasts throughout the summer. Very showy.

Sizes	Each
2 to 3 feet	. \$0.75
18 to 24 inches	60

# COMMON SNOWBERRY (Symphoricarpos recemosus)

This shrub has small, pinkish flowers in July, followed by white berries which remain on well into winter. Very attractive, medium-growing shrubs.

Sizes	Each
2 to 3 feet	\$0.75
18 to 24 inches	.60

# AFRICAN TAMARIX (Tamarix Africana)

A beautiful shrub with small leaves; similar to the Junip $\alpha$ ; flowers are pink, small and delicate, borne on long spikes; bloom in May.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	 \$1.00
2 to 3 feet	 .75

#### COMMON SNOWBALL (Virburnum Opulus Sterile)

The fine, hardy shrub with beautiful large clusters of globular flowers. All the flowers are sterile and radiant. An old-fashioned favorite, and one of the finest all-around shrubs.

Sizes	Each
2 to 3 feet	\$1.50
18 to 24 inches	1.25

#### JAPANESE SNOWBALL (Virburnum Plicatum)

One of the choicest of the hardy shrubs. Large globular clusters 3 to 4 inches across, of sterile radiant flowers of cleanest white. This is an excellent shrub.

Sizes	Ea	
2 to 3 feet		50
18 to 24 inches	1.1	2.5

#### WEIGELIA EVA RATHKE (Red Weigelia)

The finest of the cultivated Weigelias. Free blooming, hybrid, with flowers of a distinctive reddish purple. Unlike other flowering shrubs.

Sizes	Each
2 to 3 feet	\$1.00
18 to 24 inches	.75

#### DWAFT VARIEGATED WEIGELIA (Weigelia Nana Variegeta)

This is perhaps second to no other hard-wooded plant with various colored leaves. It stands the sun well and retains its well marked tints until autumn. The flowers are lighter in color than the Rosea, but it is equaly as free in bloom.

zes Eac	h
to 3 feet\$1.0	•
3 to 24 inches	5

#### WEIGELIA ROSEA (Pink Weigelia)

An elegant shrub, with fine, rose-colored flowers; introduced from China by Mr. Fortune and considered one of the finest plants he has discovered. Has numerous spreading branches, leaves dark green, smooth except on the midrib and veins. The flowers are large, showy and produced in griat panicles. Erect, compact growth. Blossoms in June.

Sizes Ea	ch
to 3 feet\$1.0	00
8 to 24 inches	75

#### YELLOW TWIGGED DOGWOOD (Cornus Lutea)

Golden yellow twigs, white blossoms, white betries. A splendid shrub to place in combination with Coral Dogwood. An unusual lawn decorative sort. Grows 6 ro 8 feet high.

Sizes E.	ach
2 to 3 feet	50
18 to 24 inches 1.	25

#### RED TWIGGED DOGWOOD (Cornus Stolonifera)

A spreading shrub with bright, reddish-purple branches, attaining a hight of 4 to 6 feet. Flowers creamy white in dense, flat-topped clusters. Berries white, Remarkably showy.

Sizes Ea	ch
2 to 3 feet\$1.	50
18 to 24 inches 1.	25

#### **BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS**

#### ABELIA GRANDIFLORA (Glossy Abelia)

The most satisfactory addition to the list of hedge plants in years. Can be pruned flat or rounded on top. Planted singly or in groups, will add a touch of beauty to the lawn all the year round. It is an evergreen shrub with glossy, dark gren foliage. In winter when affected by cold the leaves turn a beautiful shade of bronze and look as though coated with varnish. The flowers are white, funnel shaped, tinted with pink, delicately sweet scented and born: in clusters from May until late in autumn.

Sizes	Each
2 to 3 feet	. \$1.75
18 to 24 inches	
15 to 18 inches	75

#### TRUE DWARF BOXWOOD (Buxus Sempervirens Suffruticosa)

Similar to the	tree dwarf.	Valuable for low	hedges and	
Sizes				Each
15 to 18 inches				\$2.00
10 to 15 inch s				1.50

#### TRUE TREE BOXWOOD (Buxus Sepmervirens Arborescens)

Succeeds most in well drained soils, requiring protection, however, against extremes of both cold and heat. Some shade is nearly always desirable,

Leaves small, glossy, bright green, Grows dense, roundish form: valuable for formal planting.

Sizes				Each
18 to	0 24	inches	 	 \$2.00
15 to	0 18	inches	 	 1.75
12 to	0 15	inches	 	 1.50

#### EUONYMUS JAPONICA (Evergreen Euonymus)

A most popular broad-I-aved evergreen in this section. Hardy, compact, upright growing, bright, dark green foliage, stands trimming well and shows up beautifully as a specimen plant. Foliage brilliant all winter.

Sizes	É:	ich
24 to 30 inch	\$2.	50
18 to 24 inch	2.	00

#### EUONYMUS SEIBOLDI (Patens) (Midwinter Euonymus)

A very attractive Japanese variety, with handsome, dark green foliage, Perfectly hardy in any climate. Strong, bushy plants,

Sizes	cb .
24 to 30 inches	 0.0
18 to 24 inches	 0.0

#### EUONYMUS RADICANS (Winter Creeper)

An evergreen climbing vine, or can be grown as a low srub. Makes a beautiful evergreen covering for a foundation wall, back of a shrubbery planting. Grows in either sun or shade.

Siz	es :			Ea	cb
12	to	18	inches	\$1.5	50

#### CAPE JASMINE (Gardinia Florida)

Very popular evergreen shrubs with bright, glossy foliage. Hardy as far north as Virginia and Tennessee. They do well in almost any well drained soil. Large, fragrant, white flowers produced from the middle of May until fall.

Size																			Each	
			inches																	
18	to	24	inches	٠.															2.00	)

#### AMERICAN HOLLY (Ilex Opaca)

Evergreen ornamental tree which produces red berries in the fall. Hardy as far north as central Ohio. The kind of holly we get for the Christmas Holidays.

Sizes		Each
3 to 4 feet		\$3.50
2 to 3 feet	,	3.00
18 to 24 inches		2.50

#### CAROLINA CHERRY LAUREL (Laurocerasus Caroliniana)

One of the finest broad-leafed evergreens. Polished medium green foliage, upright, easily pruned. White, plum-like blossoms in spring. A splendid shrub that cannot be too highly recommended. Useful for borders and mixed with shrubs in foundation plantings.

Siz	28			E	ach
24	to	30	inches		.75
18	to	24	inches	2	. 25

# JAPANESE PRIVET (Ligustrum Japonicum)

Hardy, graceful, one of the finest of all Privets. Spreading and curving branches supporting greyish green foliage. White fragrant flowers product in June, followed by black berries. Used in mass planting or hedges to great advantage.

Si	zes			Eac	cb
				\$2.0	
2	to	3	feet	1.5	0

#### WAX-LEAF PRIVET (Ligustrum Lucidum)

A lovely form of Japanese Privet. Large, thick leaves. Dark, shining green. White flowers in large heads borne in May, follow d by black berries which remain throughout the winter.

Sizes	Each	)
30 to 36 inches	<b>\$4.</b> 00	)
24 to 30 inches	3.50	)
18 to 24 inches	3.00	j

#### COMPACT NEPAL PRIVET (Ligustrum Nepalense Compacta)

Medium siz:, dark green. glossy leaves; uniform, compact spreading growth. A very attractive plant, essential to landscape planting in masses, banking or groups. Fills space between tall, rank growing types.

Sizes	Eac	:h
30 to 36 inches	\$4.0	0
	3.5	
18 to 24 inches	3.0	0

#### MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA (Southern Magnolia)

A large, handsome tree; foliage bright glossy green, and large flowers pure white, six to eight inches in diameter. Fine as a specimen, planted in rows and groups.

Sizes			Each
3 to	4	feet	 
2 to	- 3	feet	 

#### MAHONIA AQUIFOLIA (Oregon Hollygrape)

Dense, low spreading shrub; foliage holly-like, glossy green, changing to purple and bronze; flowers yelow, borne in reacemes, followed by a profusion of blue grape-like berries.

Size	2.5																						Ea	ich	i
24	to	30	inches					 						 			 					. 5	3.	50	į
18	to	24	inches					 						. ,			 						2.	50	þ

#### NANDENA DONESTICA (Heavenly Bamboo)

The delicate foliage of the Nandena is a brilliant dash of georgeous orange red or crimson color in winter. It is dense and stocky, being one of the dwarfish plants of Japanese gardens. The leaves are rich red when young dark green at maturity, and boldly colored in winter. Nandina thrives well in any well drained, loamy soil, and is fairly hardy. In autumn it is covered with showy clusters of small red berries. This plant is one of the three plants most us d in better class of landscape work.

Size	2.5			Each
24	to	30	inches	 \$4.00
18	to	24	inches	 3.50

#### JAPANESE SPURGE (Pachysandra Terminalis)

This is a new evergreen training plant 6 to 18 inches high and forms broad mats of bright, shiny, green foliage. A good ground cover which will grow in all shady locations, and the only plant that will thrive under pine trees.

Sizes	Each	Per Doz.
6 to 8 inches		\$10.00

#### RHODODENDRON (Carolinium) (Carolina Rhododendron)

A new American species. Clear pink. Absolutely hardy. This is one of our finest introductions and fills a long-felt want for a hardy dwarf Rhododendron, with flowers free from any hint of magenta. It was described and named by Alfred Rehd r. of the Arnold Arboretum. It is the smallest Alleghanian species, attaining a height of six to eight feet in cultivation. The thick-set leaves are dark green, usually blunt and narrow. Much smaller than either Maximum or Catawbiense. Flower clusters appear in greatest profusion in June. covering the plant with a rose-colored mantle. Stands exposure unusually well and is invaluable as a single specimen or for massing.

18 to 24 inches	
10 10 21 111(116)	. \$4.00
12 to 18 inches	3.50

#### RHODODENDRON (Maximum) (Rosebay Rhododendron)

Large, showy green leaves and clusters of pinkish-white flowers appearing in late June and early July. More used for mass planting and woodland development than any other species.

Sizes	Each
12 to 18 inches	\$3.50
18 to 24 inches	4.00

#### RHODODENDRON (Catawbiense) (Catawba Rhododendron)

Vigorous, free-blooming species with gorgeous display of rosy purple flowers in May. By far the hardiest and most showy of all Rhododendrons.

Sizes		Each
18 to 24 inches	\$4	₽.00
12 to 18 inches	3	3.50

#### MOUNTAIN LAUREL (Kalmia Latifolia)

An evergreen shrub covered with rich foliage, glossy green above and yellowish-green on the under side. Beautiful pink and white flowers borne in profusion the latter part of June. Very hardy, thrives anywhere. A valuable native shrub.

Sizes	Each
18 to 24 inches	
12 to 18 inches	3.50

#### CONIFERS

#### CHINESE ARBORVITAE (Biota Orintalis)

Pryamidal in form, compact in growth and a bright green in color, which it holds well into the winter. Valuable where a tall-growing evergreen is wanted.

Size																						Each	
			inches																				
24	to	30	inches					 														3.00	
18	to	24	inches								 											2.50	

#### ERECT GOLDEN ARBORVITAE (Biota Aurea Conspicua)

Of pronounced Pyramidal habit of growth; foliage a deep golden yellow. One of the most attractive of the pyramid-growing arborvitaes and very beautiful. Used in group plantings with the dark foliaged varieties on account of its contrasting foliage.

Siz	2.5																									E	ac	ch	1
30	to	36	inches																							\$ 6	. 0	0	ı
24	to	30	inches																							5	. 0	0	į
18	to	24	inches																							4	.0	10	ŧ

#### BERCKMAN GOLDEN ARBORVITAE (Biota Aurea Nana)

This is, without doubt, the showiest of all the Arborvitae family. The color is an unusually attractive bright gold and is striking in appearance. Does especially well with us and should be in every planting.

Siz	2.5																							E	ach	
24	to	30	inches													 								\$5.	0.0	
18	to	24	inches													 					 			4.	50	
15	to	18	inches																					4.	00	

#### BAKERS HYBRID ARBORVITAE (Bioto Bakeri)

A fine pyramidal type which is unexcelled for its tall, columnar growth; foliage soft, light green. The plant, while small, is somewhat irregular in form but when it attains a height of 3 or 4 feet fills out, forming an almost pyrfrct pyramid. This variety is vigorous in growth and its good color makes it distinctive.

Sizes																						Eac	ch
30 to	36	nches	 										 									\$5.0	0
24 to	30	inches											 									4.5	0
18 to	24	inches											 				٠					4.0	0

#### BONITA ARBORVITAE (Bioto Bonita)

A beautiful, broad, cone-shaped Arborvitae of unequalled richness in color and perfection of form. The most attractive and useful of all vari tics we grow. Rich green color, half globe shape. Can be planted in most prominent locations as it makes up uniformly. Slow growth makes it desirable in locations where other shrubs would overgrow. Ideal for the finest landscape plantings and most beautiful grounds. No prunings

Size	28																								E	Ξà	cŀ	1
			inches																									
			inches																									
			inches																									
12	t o	15	inches																						4	1.	0 (	)

#### COMPACT CHINESE ARBORVITAE (Biota Orientalis Compacta)

A fine, dark green variety of campact, conical growth.

Sizes																					E	ach	
30 to	36	inches		 			 				 									 	\$5.	00	
24 to																							
18 to	24	inches		 			 				 										4.	00.	

#### DWARF COMPACT GREEN ARBORVITAE (Biota Orientalis Daly Nana)

The best dwarf green form, similar to Aurea Nana in growth, but with green foliage.

Sizes	Each	
24 to 30 inche	s	
	s	
15 to 18 inche	s 3.50	

#### BLUE-GREEN ARBORVITAE (Biota Hudginsi)

This is a hadnsome Arborvitate with bluish-green foliage that does not change color in winter. A strong grower and soon makes fine, large, beautiful specimens which retain their good apprarance, even when old.

Siz	28																					Eac	:h
30	to	36	inches											 								\$5.0	0
24	to	30	inches											 								4.5	0
18	ct	24	inches																			4.0	0

#### TEXAS BLUE ARBORVITAE (Biota Orientalis Texana Glauca)

Unusually different in its soft blue foliage. A new variety, strong, open growing, pyramidal, upright. Theonly member of the Thuja family with such a color. A colorful accord unit.

Si	zes																						ł	Еa	ch	
3	to	4	feet									 										 	<b>\$</b> f	5.0	9	
			feet																							

#### ROSEDALE ARBORVITAE (Biota Orientalis Rosedale Hybrid)

Unusual fineness of foliage, feathery, used often in urns due to its perfect symmitry. Bluish grey foliage tips, dwarf: an arborvitate that always attracts attention.

Sizes	EA	ich
	0 inches\$4.	
	4 inches	

### CEDRUS DEODARA (Deodar Cedar)

The great cedar of the Himalayan Mountains. A stately tree, attaining a beight of 50 to 75 feet, foliage glaucous green; branches feathery and spreading; perfectly adapted to this climate.

Siz	2.5																			Each	į
30	to	36	inches	 					 ,					 				 	. :	\$6.50	ŕ
24	ŧο	30	inches	 	 											 		 		5.50	į
1.8	to	24	inches	 	 													 		4.50	į

# CHINESE JUNIPER (Juniperus Chinensis)

A conifer that is coming rapidly into favor in this section as it becomes better known. Bright green foliage, tree shapes up somewhat conelike, but is compact, however, not so dense as to burn out.

Size	2.8																			Each	3
			inches																		
			inches																		
18	to	2.4	inches		 															4.00	)

#### SPINY GREEK JUNIPER (Juniperus Excelsa Stricta)

A very ornamental tree, decidedly conical in form, well branched and densely clothed with grayish-green, glaucous foliage. A distinct species of great beauty. Excellent for conifer groups, for specimens or for tubs and urns.

Sizes	Each
24 to 30 inches	
18 to 24 inches	5.00

#### PFITZERIANA SPREADING JUNIPER (Juniperus Pfitzeriana)

The handsomest of the Chinese Juniper varieties, the Pfitzer is the most satisfactory of the low-spreading or prostrate type of Juniper that we recommend for the South. Unusually beautiful in its distinctive grayish color and irregular, flat spread growth. For the terrace planting, prominent low groups, about foundations and as specimens it cannot be excelled.

Sizes	Each
24 to 30 inches	\$5.00
18 to 24 inches	4.50

#### COLUMNAR ENGLISH JUNIPER (Juniper Communis Columnaris)

This is the English Juniper, of narrow, upright growth and bluish-green foliage. Fine for certain landscape uses where narrow and pointed type is desired.

Siz	es			Each
			inches	
			inches	
18	to	24	inches	2.50

#### ASHFORD JUNIPER (Juniperus Communis Ashfordi)

A development from the Énglish Juniper, with graceful, oblong branches, of brightest bluish-green color. In contrast to English and Irish Junipers, ashford is loose and wavy.

Size	2.5			Each	
24	to	30	inches	3.00	

#### CANADIAN PROSTRATE JUNIPER (Juniperus Communis Canadensis)

Excessively vigorous, many-stemmed evergreen of rather low-spreading habit. Grows native over a large area of the eastern and northern portions of the continent. Sharp pointed, grey green leaves that form a luxurous foliage cover.

Sizes			E	Each
24 to	3.0	inches	<del> </del>	.50
18 to	24	inches		.00

# CREEPING JUNIPER (Juniperus Horizontalis)

Creeping Savin. Dull green leaves. Grows rapidly and makes a very pleasing effect when plant'd on terraces.

Sizes			Ea	ach
18 to	24	inches	4.	50

#### SAVIN JUNIPER (Juniperus Sabina)

A dwarf, spreading shrub with trailing branches; semi-erect, soft, fine, dark green foliage. A dwarf trailing variety that thrives in poor soils and is valuable for rockwork and foundation planting.

Size	25																					E	20	cŀ.	į
24	to	30	inches		 ,									 						 		\$ 5.	. 0	0	)
18	ŧο	24	inches						 					 						 	 	4.	. 5	0	}
12	to	18	inches						 					 						 		4.	0	0	)

# RED-CEDAR COLUMNAR TYPE (Juniperus Virginiana)

An attractive, well known tree. Pyramidal type. Very hardy. Covered with silvery blue berries in season. Good in background or for shade. Can be kept low by occasional shearing and makes a beautiful shrub in a foundation or general planting.

Sizes		_															Each
3 to	4 fe	et	 	 										 		 	\$5.50
30 to	36	inches	 	 													4.00
24 to	30	inches	 	 													3.00
18 to	2.4	inches	 	 				 									2.50

#### BLUE CEDAR (Virginia) (Juniperus Virginiana Glauca)

Rich silver-grev foliage all season. A beautiful contrast when planted among other evergreens. Exceedingly popular everywhere, [

Sizes																							Ε	a cl	à
30 to	36	inches		 									 			 				 			\$7.	.00	)
24 to	30	inches											 										6	.0	0
18 to	24	inches		 								٠	 	٠			٠		٠			٠	5.	.0	)

#### IRISH JUNIPER (Juniperus Communis Hibernica)

Distinct and beautiful; of a slender, erect, dense columnar growth; foliage very glaucous. Fine for small places as a specimen, also good in masses.

Sizes																						Eac	:h
36 to																							
30 to																							
24 to	30	inches		 			 							٠		٠						3.5	0

### PROSTRATE JUNIPER (Juniperus Prostrata)

This is a low-spreading plant, very vigorous, many-stemmed and at home on sandy or gravelly hillsides fully exposed to the sun. It grows rapidly but may be kept small by trimming.

24 to 30 inches	Sizes					Each
18 to 24 inches	18 to	24	inches	 	<b>.</b>	

#### NORWAY SPRUCE (Picca Excelsa)

Commonest spruce seen; known as the "Christmas Tree." Very hardy and adaptable to hedge or other purposes; leaves dark green; very handsome. Tree of pyramidal, lofty appearance.

Size	:s			Eacl	2
18	to	24	inches		)
15	to	18	inches	3.00	)

#### COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE (Picea Pungens Glauca)

This species has been tested at various points on the prairies of the West and Northwest with perfect success, and during a temperature of 30 degrees below zero, in exposed situations, entirely uninjured. This is the king of spruces.

Siz	2.5																				Eac	ch	
2 4	to	30	inches			 		 		 		 			 				 	\$1	5.0	0 (	
18	to	24	inches			 		 		 		 			 				 	 1	0.0	0	

#### COLORADO GREEN SPRUCE (Picea Pungens)

Sharp leaves are bluish to dull green and rather thicker than usual. Branches horizontal, in regular whorls.

Size	2 S																						E	Each	)
24	to	30	inches											 						 		. \$	10	1.00	}
18	to	24	inches											 									7	.50	)

#### BLACK HILLS SPRUCE (Picea Canadensis Albertiana)

The Black Hill spruce is hardiestof all spruces—symetrical, compact and bushy in habit of growth; in fact, the very smallest trees soon form round, sturdy, compact bodies.

Siz	28			Each
24	to	30	inches	 
18	to	24	inches	 

#### HEMLOCK SPRUCE (Tsuga Canadensis)

This is considered the best of all evergreens. It is adapted for specimen planting if allowed to grow naturally; if sheared, desirable for foundation planting. Foliage deep green with branches sweeping and graceful. If you are in doubt as to what evergreen to plant we highly recommend this.

Size				Each
24	to	30	inches	 \$5.00
18	to	24	inches	 3.50
1.5	to	18	inches	 3.00

#### RETINOSPORA PLUMOSA (Plume Cypress)

Main stems are erect, but side shoots assume a plume-like arrangement, with the leaf-points prominent. The branches are slender and pliable, imparting a feathery appearance. A good hedge plant. Of graceful habit, with delicate, glaucous foliage.

Sizes			E	Each
15 to	18	inches		0.0

#### RETINISPORA FILIFERA AUREA (Golden Thread Branched Cypress)

Very bright, conspicuous, golden-yellow. Grows more slowly than preceding.

Sizes			Ερ	ch
15 to	18	inches	4.	00

#### AMERICAN ARBORVITAE (Thuja Occidentalis)

One of the most popular evergreen because of its easiness to transplant, growing kindly under adverse conditions, and as a specimen or hedge plant it is very attractive. It is inclined to be conical in habit of growth and while it is not as green in color as other varieties during the winter, it is one of the most popular varieties because of its many good qualities.

Sizes																						E:	ach
30 to	36	inches		 					 				 			 						\$4.	00
24 to																							
18 to	24	inches		 					 				 									2.	50

#### DOUGLAS GOLDEN ARBORVITAE (Thuja Occidentalis Douglasi)

Among the golden forms, the Douglas Golden Arborvitae is well known and widely used. It is a form originated by Robert Douglas, of the old Douglas Nurseries at Waukegan, Illinois. It forms a broad, bushy, pyramid, very similar in outline to a good type of the regular American Arborvitae. The foliage is decidedly golden, not so bright as Peabody's but usually a better appearing tree than the latter.

Siz	28																					E:	ach	j
			inches																					
I 8	to	24	inches								 							 				4.	00	
15	oj	18	inches								 											3.	00	

#### TOM THUMB ARBORVITAE (Thuja Occidentalis Elwangeriana)

This has very fine-cut foliage and does not exactly resemble the "pressed" leaves that characterize the other varietis. This is vry compact growing and has a very soft, feathery appearance not found in other evergreens.

Size																											ac		
			inches																										
			inches																										
1.2	to	18	inches										. ,													2	. 5	0	

#### GLOBE ARBORVITAE (Thuja Occidentalis Globosa)

A dwarf, round, dense head of handsome American arborvitae foliage, Does not require shearing. Foliage deep, dark green, its little branches being of unusual delicacy.

Size																								Ε		
18	to	24	inches											 										\$3.	.5	0
15	to	18	inches											 										3.	.0	0
			inches																							

#### HOVEY'S GOLDEN ARBORVITAE (Thuja Occidentalis Hoveyi)

Egg-shaped form with bright green foliage.

Sizes																								Ea		
2+ 1	o	30	inches														 						. 3	4.1	00	,
18 :	o	24	inches				 							,			 	. ,					,	3.	50	)
15	to	18	inches				 										 							3.	0.0	)

#### AMERICAN PYRAMID ARBORVITAE (Thuia Occidentalis Pyramidalis)

This is strikingly attractive, being perfectly pyramidal in shape, spreading very little at its base and retaining the shape without shearing. The color is deep rich green and like all Arborvitaes is easy to transplant. For corners, in front of pillars, center or back ground of group plantings there is hardly an evergreen of the dwarf variety that is quite so popular.

Sizes	Each
3 to 4 feet	\$5.50
30 to 36 inches	
24 to 30 inches	4.50

# GEORGE PEABODY ARBORVITAE (Thuja Occidentalis Lutea)

This variety is similar to the American Arborvitae, except that the foliage is golden when exposed to the direct rays of the sun. It is by far the best of the American Golden types.

Siz	€ 5																							E	ac	h	
24	0.1	30	inches										 	 									. :	s 4	.5	0	
18	to	24	inches							,			 					,						4	.0	0	
15	to	18	inches								,		 											3	. 5	0	

#### WARE ARBORVITAE (Thuja Occidentalis Wareana)

This is a small globe variety and its unusually dark green color makes it very useful. It is the darkest green of all the American Arborvitaes. It can be sheared to a perfect globe though if left to develop naturally it is oblong.

Sizes			Each	
18 to	24	inchas	\$4.00	
15 to	18	inches	3.50	

#### AUSTRIAN PINE (Pinus Nigra)

The native forest tree of Europe. Attains 50 feet height at maturity, broad crown of dark green goliage, needles 4 inches long and born in pairs. A rapid grower, retains its lowest branches, fine for specimen or screening purposes

Siz	c s																		Each	
			inches																	
			inches																	
12	to	18	inches				 												 4.00	

#### HILLS MUGHO PINE (Pinus Mughos)

Hills Mugho Pine is a tree which is fairly tolerant of shade and it will grow on the north side or the shady side of a building quite successfully. It is without question the outstanding dwarf evergreen tree for all-round uses.

Sizes			E:	ach
12 to	15	inches		00
10 to	12	inches		00

# BALSAM FIR (Abies Balsamea)

Regular and symmetrical in growth, hardy, native, thriving in moist soils and cool climates. One of the most beautiful evergr ens grown, and attractive the year through.

Siz	c s																							E	acl	3
24	Lo	3.0	inches											 		,						 	 	\$5	.00	C
18	0.3	2.4	inches			 									,							 	 	. 4	.00	0
12	to	18	inches			 																 	 	. 3	. 5 (	)

#### CONCOLAR FIR (Abies Concolar)

One of the hardiest and most beautiful overgreens. Tree of graceful habit: grows rapidly. Pretty cones of purple or yellow. Large, broad, silvery-green foliage. A rare and exceedingly choice variety that is indispensable in Jawn planting.

Siz	c s			Each
18	to	24	inches	 5.00
12	ιo	1.8	inches	 4.50

Each

Used to-Each

. . \$1.25

## VINES AND CREEPERS

# CLEMATIS Our supply of these deservedly popular climbers is now better than ever before. But the demand is great—we suggest prompt orders.

Henryi-Large, ivory-white blooms, freely produced nearly all summer.

Jackmanni-Large, rich, velvety violet-plum flowers.

Varioties:

2 year No.	1
	VIRGINIA CREEPER (Ampelopsis Quinquefolia)
varieties for	known native climber is one of the best and quickest growing covering trees, trellises and arbors. Its large, deep green foliage lant, shades of crimson and scarlet in tha fall.
Sizes 1 year trans	Each splanted \$1.00
	HALLS JAPAN HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera)
covering the	t evergreen climber. Native of Japan. Leaves dark green, dens fy vines and branches. White flowers changing to yllow: delight- nt; borne in abundance throughout the summer.
Sizes 2 year No.	Each I

# year No. 1..... WHITE CHINESE WISTERIA (Sincusis Alba)

ENGLISH IVY (Dedera Helix)

Extensively used for covering trunks of palms,

Shiny evergreen leaves. Extensively used for covering trunks of patrees, walls or pergolas. Hardy, endures shade where grass fails. Used gether with Boston Ivy to give evergreen coverings throughout the season.

Magnificent, strong-growing, woody vines, hardy throughout the country. Leaves decidious: the flowers are borne in larg!, pointed clusters, with or before the leaves in spring. Wisterias make bandsome specimens when staked and grown as trees. A very fine variety, with large clusters of delicately
scented white flowers.  Sizes Each 1 year No. 1

#### PURPLE CHINESE WISTERIA (Sinensis purpurea)

Si	A ve	ry	stre	ong-	gro	win	g	so	rt.	p	rc	odu	ıci	ng	ı	ar	ge	p	ni	cle	s c	ť	рu	ırp	1e	fl	ower	s. Eacl	b
1	year	N	ο.	Ι.																								\$1.25	5

#### DUTCHMAN'S PIPE (Aristolochia Sipho)

A vigorous and rapid-flowering climber, bearing striking brownish colored flowers, resembling a pipe in shape; very large, round leaves, giving a tropical effect. Sizes year No. I..... . \$1.00

#### CHINESE MATRIMONY VINE (Lycium Chinense)

Dull Sizes	whitish. purplish; fruit scarlet red.	Each
I year	No. 1	\$1.00

# ARMOUR RIVER SOUTH PRIVET (Hedge)

#### Ligustrum Amruense (Sinense) Southern Evergreen Hedge.

Most popular and best grade of hedge in the South. Very beautiful ever-green, dense in growth, dark green, very compact, and establishes a very good hedge in one year. Very hardy and well adapted to general planting. Exceedingly beautiful and permits shearing to any height or shape.

Sizes				100
2 to	3 foet		 	
18 to	24 inches	=	 	8.00

#### CALIFORNIA PRIVET (Hedge)

#### Ligustrum Ovalifolium.

A semi-evergreen hedge with thick, shining leathery leaves, that gro-	ws very
rapidly, can be pruned into any formal effect and planted by every on	e need-
ing a quick hedge without much expense and trouble. It blooms in	spring,
the fragrant white flowers being noticeable for some distance. In	planting
it is a good idea to cut away practically all the tops of the smaller	plants
in order to get a bushy hedge. We have quantities of this desirable	variety.
Sizes	100
2 to 3 feet	* Q O O

Si	zes																	10	0 (	i
2	to	3	feet	 	 				 									\$9	.0	0
18	3 to	2	4 inches	 	 		 										 	8	. 0	0

## SHADES

#### AMERICAN ELM (Ulmus Americana)

A tree of unusual vigor, a native too well known to describe. It is rapid of growth, with its long, spreading and pendant branches forming giant arches over roads and streets or as a lawn tree is quick to make a marked growth. The wood is tough, the leaves are modifate in size and makes a permanent tree for shade. The bettle that defoliates the European Elms usually avoids

Si	zes			Each
6	to	8	f.ct	2.00
5	to	6	fcet	1.50

#### AMERICAN SYCAMORE (Platanus occidentalis)

Omong deciduous trees the Sycamore is one of the most rapid-growing. It is easily transplanted, even in large sizes. The white trunk, wide-spreading branches, and large leaves mark it as an unusual and attractive long-lived tree. Sizes 6 to 8 fcet ......\$2.00

# NORWAY MAPLE (Acer Platanoides)

The Norway has always been a popular tree in this district, and still remains the most popular shade tree. Large, handsome, spreading, rounded form, broad, deep green foliage. Hardy. Scarce in the past few years, but fortunately we have a good stock now ready for market.

Si	zes			Each	
6	to	8	feet		
5	to	6	fcet		

#### SILVER LEAF MAPLE (Acer Dasycarpum)

Because of its quick growth, good foliage and easy to transplant, this tree is in great demand. The tree blooms very early in the spring, leaves appear promptly, being light green in color but silvery beneath, and these remain until late fall.

S	zes		Each
8	to	10 fcet	\$2.50
-6	to	8 feet	2.00

# CATALPA BUNGH (Manchurian Catalpa)

This tree has become popular because of its straight stems and symmetrical roundish heads which resemble an umbrella. The tops are dwarf and while they do not grow very rapidly their wide leaves give them the appearance of much larger trees. The foliage is very pleasing and the effect obtained when planted in pairs along walks, drives or entrances is greatly admired.

	zes		Each
5	to	6	feet\$4.00
4	to	5	feet

#### LOMBARY POPLAR (Nigra Italica)

A tall, slender tree reaching great beights, very easy to transplant and of most rapid growth. For screening unsightly views, fire protection from close buildings or wind breaks, also for quick effect along driveways, narrow avenues, congested lawns, etc.

Sizes		Each
8 to	10 feet	 \$2.50
6 to	8 fect	 2.00

#### WEEPING WHITE BIRCH (Betula Alba Pendula)

A beautiful tree with white bark and with spreading and pendulous branches when mature. Native of Europe. Leaves deep green in summer with tones of yellow in autumn. This graceful tree is a handsome lawn tree. The birches always form interesting contrasts to other trees and to evergreens.

Si	zes			Each
6	to	8	feet	 \$4.00
5	to	6	feet	 3.50

#### RED BUD-JUDAS TREE (Cercis canadensis)

A native of our woods, literally covered with its red or pink blossoms early in the spring before it opens its leaves. It is an early harbinger of spring, blooming in April. It is a small shapely tree, wood very tough, and the leaves large and very green in color. It may be us d in heavy mass planting of shrubs with White Flowering Dogwood or against evergreens or White Birch, making a pleasant contrast.

Si	zes		Each
6	to	8	fect\$2.00
5	to	6	feet

#### AMERICAN LINDEN (Tilia Americana)

This native tree is very attractive and will grow rapidly when planted in low ground. The leaves are distinctly larger than other varicties, branches pendulous in babit of growth and makes an excellent shade tree under favorable conditions.

	izes			Each
6	to	- 8	feet	 \$3.50
5	to	6	feet	 2.50

#### TEAS WEEPING MULBERRY (Morus Alba Pendula)

#### TULIP POPLAR (Liriodendron Tulipifera)

A large and stately rapid growing tree with a narrow pyramidal crown. Fowers are cup-shaped, resembling a tulip, greenish yellow blotched with orange.. A handsome tree and one that is deserving of the highest esteem by planters. Much in demand for planting in parks and estates.

6	to	8	feet\$	3.00
5	to	6	feet	2.00

#### ROSES

Sizes		Each
	P.—Hybrid Perpetual:	M.—Moss Rose.

Varietics—Climbing:

#### CRIMSON RAMBLER

The best-known and most popular of all the climbing roses. A rapid grower, making sometimes 10 to 15 feet in a season; flowers are borne in clusters of 15 to 25 perfectly shaped blossoms of a rich glowing crimson; when in full bloom the vine appears to be a perfect mat of rich ted flowers; perfectly hardy everywhere.

#### DOROTHY PERKINS

A hardy, vigorous spring blooming climber which is always dependable for porches, pergolas or for training banks. Great cluster of small, very double, dependable for shell-pink flowers.

#### PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER

No other rose in any class can compare with it for brilliancy of color, which is a vivid scarlet. This color is maintained without burning or bl-aching until the petals fall. It makes a brilliant display during long season. Blooms are of medium size, semi-double, very freely produced in clusters of three to six flowers each. Plants are laterally covered with flowers from top to bottom. It is of strong growing habit and perfectly hardy.

#### CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY

Rich red. fragrant. Very vigorous in growth and a prolific bloomer, having hundreds of perfect flowers open at one time.

#### TAUSENDASHON (Thousand Beauties)

A rapid growing, almost thornless climber showing the blood of the Rambler. Polyantha and Tea parentage. Its innumerable clusters make a pretty show in June and July; at first, the soft pink of Clotilde Soupert, and later deepening to a bright red carmine rose.

#### AMERIRCAN PILLAR

A profusion of rich, rosy blooms almost covering the foliage. Large single flowers, vigorous. A valuable climber.

Varieties—Bush:

#### LOS ANGELES (H. T.)

Produces a continuous succession of long-stemmed flowers of a luminous flame pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of petals; in richness of fragrance it equals in intensity the finest Marechal Neil. The buds are long and pointed.

#### KILLARNEY, WHITE (H. T.)

 $\Lambda$  pure white sport of the famous and popular pink Killarney, producing the same beautiful flowers in great profusion. The flowers are long and shapely. This is one of the very best hybrid teas.

#### J. L. MOCK (H. T.)

The color is carmine on the outside, and imperial pink on the inside of the flower. The blooms are very large, perfectly formed, and highly perfumed. Plant an entire rose bed of this one kind. Very satisfactory for hedding,

#### FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI (H. P.)

The only absolutely pure white rose, with immense long buds and very double flowers, wax-like in texture. Hardy everywhere, with foliage of its class. Blooms continuously.

#### COLUMBIA (H. T.)

Strong stiff petals of bright pink, sweetly fragrant, healthy foliage. Its only fault lies in producing malformed blooms when weather conditions are not at their best, but this may be forgiven for in the Fall it blooms luxuriantly.

#### GRUSS AN TEPLITZ (H. T.)

Dark rich crimson, passing to velvety fiery red. An exceptionall free bloomer and one of the brightest colored red roses grown. The can's are strong and vigorous, producing blooms constantly from June till frost. An almost continuous bloomer.

## SOUVENIR DE CLAUDIUS PERNET (H. T.)

Constance X unnamed seedling. Awarded the Bagatelle prize. Its color is a definite and lovely sunflower yellow, deepening in the center, and it rectains this color indoors and outdoors, in bud and open bloom. The buds are produced on long, stiff stems.

#### ETOILE DE FRANCE (H. T.)

Rich velvety crimson, center ruby red; large and double. Likes hot weather.

#### RED RADIANCE (H. T.)

The wonderful, globular, heavy-stemmed "Radiance" duplicated in all respects except color; this sport form being a brilliant crimson.

#### SUNBURST (H. T.)

Color a rich cadmium-yellow, with orange-y-llow center. A magnificent free-blooming variety, especially handsome in bud form. A vigorous grower with flowers of elongated cup shape. The plant is rather spreading in habit of growth and has few thorns. One of the most reliable yellows for cutting.

#### MADAME BUTTERFLY (H. T.)

Strong, light pink buds tinted with gold at the base, heavily perfumed, exquisite form. Although the buds may be slightly marred with heat early in the season, they quickly assume their perfect form.

#### AMERICAN BEAUTY (H. P.)

Very large blooms of rosy-carmine veined with crimson. Does particularly well in the Imperial Valley and Arizona, but of no value on the coast.

#### PAUL NEYRON (H. P.)

A rich, ruddy pink, "color spot" of the fall.

#### LUXEMBURG (M.)

A distinctive deep yellow. A beautiful rose.

#### **PERENNIALS**

#### HOLLYHOCK (Althea Rosea)

	te. full of sentiment and association with
a distant past. They require a deep,	rich soil and a sunny corner, but will
	bloom all the attention bestowed upon
them. Hollyhocks planted in the fall	will bloom the next summer
them. Holly nocks planted in the fair	will bloom the next summer.
	\$0.50

#### CHRYSANTHEMUMS

These are hardy and most attractive in September and October. In planting these try to group them as some seasons it may be necessary to save from early frost by covering. The flowers are very attractive borne in large quantities. Colors: White, Red. Pink, Yellow.

Price, each \$0.50

Price, per ten 4.00

#### LARKSPUR (Delphinium)

English Delphiniums are the most beautiful hardy plants in cultivation, for they have such an immense variety of beauty and increase in size, in beauty, and often in quantity, year after year.

Price, each ... \$0.50

Price, per 10 ... 4.00

#### OLD-FASHIONED SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus barbatus)

Old favorites, bearing their sweet, clove-scented flowers in the greatest profusion during May and June. They are indispensable for the edge of the bardy border and for cutting.

Price, each ... \$0.50

Price, per 10 ... \$4.00

# FOXGLOVE (Digitalis)

For stately and picturesque beauty it is not to be surpassed, and, planted in masses and in the garden among shrubs or naturalized on the edge of woods, in the orchards or along brooks, it is extremely effective and satisfactory. It is a biennial, but as it renews itself from self-sown seed, it may be treated as a perennial.

Price, each \$0.50

Price, per 10 4.00

#### IRIS (Germanica)

Varieties: Pumila White, Pumila Purple.

### IRIS (Japan)

This is the latest blooming of the Iris. Anyone not familiar with these has missed one of the glories of the gard'n. They bloom in June, being the largest, showiest and contain varieties that for variance of color and beauty are unsurpassed by any perennial. Prefers moist soil, but blooms exceedingly well on any type.

Varieties: Eumee, blue: Koko-No-Iro, royal purple petals, yellow center; Mahogany, dark red; Patrocle, Signel, superb dark reddish violet; Purple and Gold, double flowers, early and free blooming, color rich violet-purple with white petaloids, tipped violet, conspicuous golden throat extending ontward in bulish white rays.

#### IRIS (Siberian)

Vigorous, free-flowering varieties of the Iris for the flow r border, for naturalizing planting. Varieties:

 Price, each
 \$0.50

 Price, per 10
 4.00

#### GOLD BANDED LILY (Lilium auratum)

Undoubtedly one of the finest. Its large, graceful, fragrant flowers are composed of six petals of a delicate ivory-white color, thickly studd d with chocolate-crimson sport and stripe through the center a golden yellow.

#### LILY OF THE VALLEY (Convallaria)

This is often starved and neglected and r legated to some poor corner, but this popular and fragrant subject, like most other plants, repays for being well treated, and if the bed is given a liberal top dr ssing of well decayed manure in fall or early spring it will show the effect by increased size, number and vigor of flowers. Pips, white, May. 4.00

#### HARDY PHLOX (Phlox Decussata)

Th se beautiful hardy border plants are among the most effective in the garden during the late summer and fall months. The varieties have been much improved during the past few years, both as to color and size of bloom. Colors: pink, purple, red, white. Price, each ... Price, per 10 4.00

#### CHINESE LANTERN PLANT (Physalis Francheti)

An ornamental variety of the Winter Cherry forming dense bunches about two feet high, producing freely its bright orange-scarlet, lant rn-like fruits, which when cut, will last all winter. 
 Price. each
 \$0.50

 Price, per 10
 4.00
 4.00

#### HARDY PANSIES (Viola Cornuta)

This is the best edging plant for the hardy border or garden: when properly cared for, this plants remain in full bloom from May until October. The great secret of the continuous bloom, though, is the fact that they must be sheared several times during the year, so that the flowers do not go to sied. 
 Price, each
 \$0.50

 Price, per 10
 4.00

#### PEONIES

#### CANNAS

Cannas are easily grown and will thrive in almost any soil but where a choice soil is available we recommend it, with planty of sunshine. Cannas are best when planted in the spring.

King Humbert. Truly the king of Cannas. Its foliage which is of large size and deep bronze is striking; flowers are borne in great profusion and are a rich coppery scarlet. We know of no better general purpose Canna.

rich coppery scarlet. We know of no better general purpose Canna. Florence Hall. Salmon pink.

Yellow King Humbert. A sport of King Humbert but with green foliage and gold n yellow flowers dotted with marking of red. Being a sport of King Humbert a certain percentage of these plants will go back to the parent and occasionally there will be plants with bronze foliage and scarlet flowers.

Mrs. Alfred F. Conard. Beautiful salmon-pink flowers, green foliage. Fine for cutting and beautiful when used in mass planting or for closely set beds.

The President. An exquisite red-crimson blooming canna, huge, vigorous

and universally proclaimed the finest of red varieties, growing upon set beds.

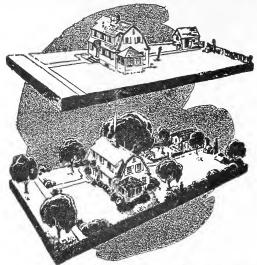
Statue of Liberty, Brilliant red, colored with dull orange. 
 Price, each
 \$0.35

 Price, per 10
 3.00
 DAHLIAS

GLADIOLUS

TUBEROSES					
This charming variety begins to flower in July and continues throughout the season, each bulb throwing from 2 to 5 flower spikes in succession. The buds never blast, but all open up of the purest white, and are delightfully fragrant.  Price, each					
Price. per 100					
TULIPS					
In no other flower has Dame Nature bestowed more brillancy or variety of coloring than the tulip: and coming into bloom almost with the first blush of spring, when there is little else to gladden the eye, makes it the more refreshing and desireable. Not only is the tulip gorgeous in coloring: but its beautiful cup-like form is most exquisite and borne well above the bright green, spear-like leaves. Nothing will afford more satisfaction or attract more attention than a well arranged bed o tulips.  Price, per ten \$1.50					
Price, per 100					
CROCUS					
These gay little plants are among the first to open their beautiful faces in responce to the first warm spells of early spring sunshine. Planted as an edging in lines of one or more colors the effect is striking and beautiful. No spring display surpasses that of the Crocus, with their bright colors, and there is nothing to detract from them as they come forth when all else is still shrouded in the sombre shades of winter and often when banks of snow are still to be seen in the shaded nooks. In lawns and parks, planted in the grass the Crocus is extremely effective. They may be easily planted in the sood after it has been softened by rains late in the fall, with the aid of a dibble, and they are blooming before the lawn requires to be mown in the spring. It is now customary to plant Crocuses, Snowdrops and Daffadils in our parks, in lawns, along woodland walks and in wild places, with an effect that is delightful and matchless.					
Price, per 10012.00					
HYACINTH					
When we consider their matchless beauty, rare fragrance and hardiness and ease of culture, it is not to be wondered that the Hyacinth is the most popular bulb grown. They may be had in both single and double, and a variety of colors, and are equally desirable for house or out-door culture.  Price, each					
NARCISSUS OR DAFFADILS					
The Narcissus has more points of real merit than most other hardy plants, and the possibilities of the family have only recently developed. They are equally well adapted for the conservatory, window garden. flower garden or border, and its culture is the same of the Hyacinth. Three or four bulbs may be grown in a single pot, and may be planted any time from October to January. For bedding or borders in the open ground they should be planted in October or November, and should be set from four to five inches deep, the larger varieties from five to six inches apart and the small varieties three to four inches. In the garden they may be planted in any ont-of-the-way place, and will continue to bloom and thrive year after year without care or atention and will be among the first to respond to the blandishments of spring.  Price, each					

# It's not a Home-



# until it's PLANTED

Truly a "House" is not a "Home" Until It's Planted

The soft, rich beauty of growing trees, shrubs, plants, vines and flowers are necessary, before a "house" is really a home. And the grounds that are poorly or only half planted, only emphasize the ugly bareness.

#### WE CAN HELP YOU

—choose just the right variety for each location, to give the effect you want. Consult us.

# Cumberland Valley Nursery Company, Inc.

Growers and Shippers of high grade nursery stock

McMINNVILLE, TENNESSEE

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